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DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

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ENQUIRER CALENDER, 1864.

1864.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
Jan.	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
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1864.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
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HALE & ANDERSON, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, office in the brick building, next door to the County Hospital, Auburn, Cal. 32-tf

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I AM HERE!

PHILIP, DUKE OF NEVERS, AND THE LITTLE PARISIAN.

PART THIRD.

CHAPTER X.—THE THREE WISHES.

"Oh! so he loves you only!" cried Donna Cruz, embracing her friend warmly.

"And you?"

"Oh! I am cured of my folly; besides I am sure he is a sorcerer. Do, now, just wish for something, and see if it will not come true.—Now, don't you wish to go to the Regent's ball to-night?"

"But I have no dress, no ornaments," objected Aurora, though laughing at her friend's earnestness.

"Never mind; only wish one, two, three!" answered Donna Cruz, seriously; for she believed in magic, and, it must be owned, rather feared it. But what was her astonisment, when Berichon suddenly opened the door, crying out:

"Here is all sorts of finery for our young lady—such a number of bows, dresses and flowers, and I know not what! Come in, this is Master Lagardere's house."

"Oh! what do you say?" cried Aurora, frightened.

"Don't be alarmed, miss; I know what I am about. No more hiding—no more mystery."

Five or six young girls now entered, followed by men carrying bandboxes and parcels. Donna Cruz was lost in astonishment.

"Oh! he is a sorcerer," she muttered; "I knew he was.

"Come in, ladies—come in, gentlemen!" called out Berichon, much excited. "There is a blessing on our house now. I will go and fetch Madame Balshault, who is dying with curiosity to know how we live. I never tasted anything like her angelica!"

All entered the dining-room, and placed their bandboxes on the large table. Behind them came a page, dressed very plainly, who saluted Aurora respectfully, and presented ner with a note enveloped in silk. He again bowed, and retired.

"At all events, wait for the answer," cried Berichon, running after him.

But the page was already at the other end of the street, where he was joined by a gentleman wrapped in a large cloak, whom the reader might recognise by his long chin—the rest of his face being hidden— to be Peyrolles.

"Is it done?" he asked. "And where have you left our men?"

"Close by, with two sedans."

"What, two? There must be some mistake! Go back to the palace at your best speed, and tell those two fellows who have been about all day—Cocardasse and Passepoil—that their work is all cut out for them, and bring them to that house. But be sure not to tell them who it belongs to; and if they ask say only women live there."

The page set off at full speed, and Peyrolles disappeared in the crowd.

In the house, Aurora opened her note, and cried:

"It is his handwriting!"

"And," said Donna Cruz, here is a card of invitation to to the ball, just like mine."

And she held it in her fingers, as if afraid to touch it.

Aurora read the note, which was the same the Hunchback had written, and passed it to Donna Cruz.

"Do you believe it?" cried the latter.

"Oh, yes," answered her friend, with a confident smile. "I have good reason for not being astonished at anything to-night."

The bandboxes and parcels now displayed their ravishing contents on the table and Donna Cruz gave up the idea that they would turn into dry leaves. They consisted of a very elegant ball dress of rich white silk, embroidered in silver, with corals and pearls. Around the sleeve, the boddice, and the skirt, was a trimming of humming-bird's plumage. It was the last fashion.

The Marchioness d'Aubignac had just made herself a reputation at court by a similar costume, which Mr. Law had made her a present of. Besides the dress, there was magnificent lace, and a fan of unknown value. Donna Cruz admired and wondered, and still had an indistinct notion that all these things would turn into shavings or leaves.

But there was one—and not the least curious—spectator, that no one dreamt of. It was the little man who had brought Donna Cruz—who had forged Lagardere's name, and had hired Medor's hutch—the little Hunchback, Æsop the Second. He had hidden behind the door of the upper chamber, which door being partly opened, gave him, over the heads of the assistants a good view of what was passing below.

"In faith," he muttered with an inward chuckle, "the Prince does things in style, and the rascal Peyrolles has decided taste."

At the sight of all these elegant things, Aurora's heart beat with delight. It never occurred to her, as it did to her friend, how much they must have cost. Lagardere sent them—that was enough. Her only embarasment was, she had no lady's-maid. Two of the young girls, as if they had guessed her thoughts, came forward and offered their services, while the rest withdrew.

"What! you are not going to put yourself into the hands of those creatures?" whispered Donna Cruz, in alarm.

"Why should I not?"

"Do you really think of putting on that dress?"

"Certainly."

"You are courageous," murmured the gipsy. "But you are right; it is a demon of exquisite taste, and why not adorn yourself with his gifts?"

They all reired into the bedroom except Francoise and her grandson. The former took out her knitting, and began her reflections.

"Who is that bold girl?"

"What the young lady in the pink domino, whose eyes sparkle so?"

"Yes; did you let her in?"

"No; she was here before I came back."

"I tell you what, little one," said Francoise, gravely, "there's something about all this that does not please me at all. I like to see things clearly."

"Oh, grandmother, it is as simple as can be. Our young lady wanted to go to the ball, so master went out and bought her a ticket—for they are to be sold, I can tell you, in the Rue Quincampoix; and then, as a pleasant surprise, he sent home all this finery."

"But this finery must have cost an enormous sum."

"How green you are, grandmother?—only old satin and frippery."

Then a knock was heard at the street-door.

"Who is coming now; said Francoise, crossly. "Put up the bar."

"Oh! there's no need now; we are no longer playing at hide-and-seek."

A louder knock.

"If it should be thieves?" muttered Berichon, who was not brave.

"Thives! nonsense—when the street is lighted up, and full of people."

"Nevertheless, I will put up the bar."

But it was too late. The door was gently opened, and the figure of a man with an enormous pair of moustaches presented itself. He cast a rapid glance around, and said:

"By Jove! this must be the dove's nest;" and turning to the door. "Pray come in friend; there is here only a respectable duenna and her chick."

He then advanced majestically, shaking his cloak, one hand on his hip, and a parcel under his arm. The friend, who now advanced, carried also a parcel. He was thin and short, and, though also armed, was of much less formidable appearance.

How bitterly did Jean Marie now regret he had not put up the bar! He now stepped behind his grandmother, who by far the bravest of the two, asked:

"Pray what is your business here?"

Cocardasse, for it was he, with his usual noble courtesy, touched his hat, then winked at his companion, who winked in return. The dove, as Cocardasse thought, must be in the room under the door of which streamed a ray of light; on the other side was a door half open, leading into the kitchen, with a key on the outside.

"Venerable dame," began Cocardasse, "our business is of consequence; is it not here that lives——"

"No, it's not here," shouted Jean Marie from behind his grandmother.

"What a clever youth, to know before hand whom I wanted!—is he not, Passepoil?"

"We live by ourselves here," said Francoise, drily.

"Passepoil!" cried Cocardasse; "would you have thought such a respectable person could have told such a fib?"

"No, on my honor," said his friend, sadly.

"Come, come, no more words!" exclaimed Dame Francoise; "get along with you; a fine time of night to disturb people so?"

"The lady is in the right," continued Cocardasse; "still we cannot leave without an answer."

"That is the fact," insisted his companion, who, coming now clearly forward, said, "Get out your handkerchief, I have mine; you take the boy, I'll take the lady in hand."

On grand occasions Passepoil came out strongly, sometimes even stronger than Cocardasse himself. He now made his way toward the kitchen, and the intrepid Francoise rushed forward to stop him. Berichon tried to make his way into the street, to call for help; but Cocardasse seized him by the ear, and whispered:

"If you make a noise, I'll strangle you."

The terrified boy was silent. Cocardasse tied his handkerchief over his mouth.

In the meanwhile Passepoil, at the cost of a few scratches and a handful of hair, had gagged Dame Francoise and carried her into the kitchen. Cocardasse also carried Berichon. They fastened them both securely to the dresser, then double-locked the door upon them.

Cocardasse and Passepoil remained absolute masters of the field.

CHAPTER XI.—TWO DOMINOS.

In the Street Du Chantre the shops were closed, and most of the people gone to augment the crowd at the gates of the Palais royal. But our gossips did not scramble in the dirt, or brave the anger of porters and coachmen to see the splendid toilets of the ladies, or to gaze on grand nobles and princes. By this time presidents were thought nothing of; ministers were hardly noticed; ambassadors even were at a discount. Still the crowd pressed forward, increasing every minute, showing an anxiety that even the Regent, or even the young King himself, would not have excited.

Whom could they expect?

The Scotchman Law, the mammon-god who was to make them a nation of millionaires—Mr. Law, of Lauriston, now their idol, their benefactor, whose horses worked no longer, for men were harnessing themselves in their stead. The crowd would have patiently waited all night to get a sight of the man, whom a few months later, in the same place, the populace strove to strangle.

The Street Du Chantre was dark and deserted, and seemed asleep though so near the crowd and lights. Opposite the house of Lagardere, in a dark passage, stood immoveable and silent six men, with their eyes fixed on the door that Cocardasse and Passepoil had entered. Two sedan-chairs were close by.

The two, after they had so happily disposed of Francoise and Jean Marie, looked at each other with mutual admiration.

"Well, child, you have not forgotten your trade," said Cocardasse.

"Nor you either," rejoined his friend, "we have only lost our handkerchiefs."

If we have often to blame Passepoil, we must not forget his good points.

"Well," said the Gascon, "the work is over. When there is no Lagardere in the way, everything runs on wheels."

"Thank goodness, Lagardere is far away off, sixty leagues to the frontiers, alone."

"Don't let us lose time; here are two other doors," showing the one on the landing above, and the one leading into Aurora's room.

Passepoil stroked his chin.

"I will just put my eye to the keyhole," said he, going towards the latter apartment.

A terrible look from Cocardasse stopped him.

"By my soul, I shan't allow it. The little beauty is at her toilet; respect propriety."

"Ah!" said Passepoil, with a sigh, "my noble friend, what fine sentiments!"

"Oh, that is my way, and you may be sure, friend, that my society will at last cure you.—The true philosopher has to conquer his passion."

"I am the slave of mine," muttered Passepoil, humbly.

"A victory that costs nothing is no triumph," exclaimed the Gascon; "just step up there and look around."

Passepoil obeyed.

"Locked," he said, as he tried Master Louis's door.

"And the keyhole? Here it is allowable."

"Dark as pitch."

"Well let us consider the Prince Gonzagues' instructions."

"He has promised us each fifty pistoles on certain conditions;" and they each of them took up the parcel he had brought. "I wonder whether the first is absolute?" pondered Cocardasse, in a vexed voice.

The formality rejoiced his friend. They placed their parcels on the table. While they were speaking, the Hunchback had opened the upper door without noise, and stood listening to them.

"In the second place," continued Cocardasse, "the Prince said: 'You will be sure that the sedan waits in the street.'"

"Just so," rejoined Passepoil.

"Yes," said the Gascon, scratching his ear, "but there are two sedans; what do you think of that?"

"Abundadce harms not," decided Passepoil. "I have never been in a sedan."

"Nor I; we will ride in it by turns, returning to the palace. Thirdly: 'You will get into the house.'"

"Why, here we are."

"'In the house there is a young girl.'"

"Ah!" cried Passepoil, sentimentally.

"My friend," cried Cocardasse, sententiously, "every one has his little weaknesses, but if you talkk any more romance, I'll cut your ears off."

"You would not let me see if the young girl is there."

"She is there safe enough; can't you hear?"

A joyous laugh came from the next room.

"'You will take the young girl,'" went on Cocardasse, reciting his lesson, "'or, rather, you will politely beg her to get into the sedan, and have her conducted to the pavilion.'"

The noise in the next room increased.

The two comrades started at the sound of a sharp, cracked voice behind them, saying:

"Now is the time!" Both turned round quickly; the Little Hunchback was close to the table undoing their parcels; he held out a suit of livery to Cocardasse, another to Passepoil, saying impetuously, though in a low voice: "Make haste."

They hesitated; the Gascon especially repudiated the putting on a footman's dress.

"Capedeboin!" he cried; "what is it to you?"

"Hush!" whispered the Hunchback; "make haste."

Donna Cruz's voice was now heard saying: "Now you are quite ready, and only want a sedan."

"Make haste," repeated impetuously the little man, who at the same moment extinguished the lamp.

The door of Aurora's room opened, throwing a glimmer of light over the dining-room. Cocardasse and Passepoil retired under the stairs, to make their toilet with all speed. The Hunchback opened one of the windows, and ordered one of the sedans to be brought to the door.—The two ladies'-maids now passed through the room, the Hunchback opening the door for them.

"Are you ready?" he whispered to the two swordsmen.

"Yes," answered both.

"Then to your task."

Donna Cruz came from the next room, saying: "I must find a chair, the gallant demon has forgotten that." The Hunchback shut the door quickly behind her, and called out: "Aurora, open the door! light me!"

Charming Donna Cruz, fearless as she was of men, had a great dread of ghosts; she tried to return, but two rough, hairy hands prevented her; she tried to scream, but fear choked her voice; she rushed to the other door, where two hands, less hairy but still rough, stopped her again. She cried out, but the noise in the street, which had been redoubled by the approach of Mr. Law, prevented her screams from reaching Aurora, who, like a true coquette, was admiring herself before the glass.

Hedged in by Cocardasse and Passepoil, poor Donna Cruz could only escape by the street door, which opened suddenly; a man on the outside threw a cloak over her head, and put her into the sedan, overcome with fright.

"To the villa behind the Church Magloire," ordered Cocardasse.

The friends came back, Passepoil murmuring, "How lovely she is! What a happy man is Gonzagues!"

"Capedeboin!" cried the Gascon, "I hope we managed that business to a T."

"What a sweet little hand she has!" rejoined the Norman, "and her waist!"

"The fifty pistoles are ours. Oh, it's all right when there is no Lagardere in the case;" and he looked around, as if not fully assured of what he advanced. "Now let us set the old woman and the boy at liberty;" and he approached the kitchen, when the voice of the Hunchback stopped him.

"Never mind that," he said. "I am pretty well satisfied with you, my fine fellows; but your work is not done yet."

"What a sharp voice he has!" grumbled Cocardasse; "but it strikes me I have heard it somewhere."

The Hunchback relighted the lamp.

"What else have we to do, Master Æsop?" asked the Gascon; "that is the name, I think?"

"Æsop, Jonas, and some others. But pay attention to my orders."

"Salute his excellency, Passepoil. Orders, indeed!"

He bowed low; Passepoil did the same, saying with mock deference:

"And you do well," said the Hunchback, drily.

He took down two lanterns, such as were carried of a night before sedan-chairs, and lighting them, presented one to each.

"What is this for?" asked Cocardasse, angrily; "we could not overtake the chair."

The Hunchback insisted; they each of them took a lantern.

The Hunchback pointed to the bedroom.

"There is a young lady there who is finishing dressing."

"Another?" cried both. The second sedan!"

"She will come forth. You are to address her openly and respectfully, and say: 'We are here to conduct you to a ball at the palace.'"

"There was not a word of that in our instructions," observed Passepoil.

"And will the young lady believe us?" asked his friend.

"She will believe you if you tell her who sent you."

"The Prince Gonzagues?"

"No! And add that your master will expect her at twelve precicely—remember that—in the palace gardens, by the statue of Diana."

"Have we, then, two masters? Pardieu!" cried Cocardasse.

"No, you have but one," answered the Hunchback, calmly; "but his name is not Gonzagues."

"And pray what is his name?" interrupted the Gascon—"sop the second?"

"Call Jonas," muttered the Norman.

The hunchback who had mounted the stairs, looked at them sternly, and saying "Your master is called Henri Lagardere, and take care you do your duty!" he disapeared.

"Oh, grecious!" murmured Passepoil; "we have seen a ghost! Let us do our duty, noble friend."

"Capedeboin!" rejoined Cocardasse; "no more tricks. Do you know, I thought I recognized——"

"What! the Little Parisian?"

"No; the young lady we put into the sedan. She is the same I saw on his arm in Spain."

Passepoil uttered a cry—Aurora's dooor was opened.

"Oh! the young lady I saw in Flanders!"

Both comrades were awe-stricken and lost in admiration, as Aurora came forward saying:

"Flora! where are you? Has the giddy girl went without me?"

Cocardasse and Passepoil, intent on their duty, approached, lantern in hand, bowing low, saying:

"Without you."

Aurora gave her fan to Passepoil, her nosegay to Cocardasse. One would have thought she had footmen all her life.

"I am ready," she said; "let us go. Did he say where I was to meet him?"

"By the statue of Diana," murmured Cocardasse, softly."

"At midnight," added Passepoil.

They set off, Cocardasse and Passepoil preceding the sedan, lantern in hand.

A few minutes later, a little man in black came down from Lagardere's apartment, and crossed the street St. Honore. The crowd made game of his hump; but, paying not the slightest attention to their jeers, he passed round the Palais Royal, and entered the Court of Fountains. In the street De Valois was a small door, whigh gave access to the Duke of Orleans' private apartments. It was here that the Regent transacted business. The hunchback gave a particular knock; the door was instantly opened, and a harsh voice called out:

"Is that you, Hunchy? Go up at once—you are expected."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

ATTITUDES OF THE SLAIN.—A prominent officer attached to the ambulance corps of the French army in Italy, Dr. Armand, has published the result of some curious and interesting observations made by himself and others upon the battle fields of the late Napoleonic war with Austria. The position which the bodies of the slain assume, under the effect of mortal wounds produced by different missiles of death, and the effect of euch wounds in various parts of the body upon the expression of the features, as well as upon tne general attitude, were the subjects of the somewhat novel investigation, which might have been pursued on a grand scale in this country for the past two years:

In a number of cases the dead soldier was found almost in the speaking attitude of life. A Hungarian hussar, killed at the same moment with his horse, was only slightly moved in his saddle, and sat there dead, holding the poinf of his sabre in advance, in the position of charging. A parallel case occurred in the death of an Austrian artilleryman. Those wounded in the head, it was remarked, generally fell with the face and abdomen flat on the ground. Wounds in the chest and heart produced a like posture of the body, though in the latter cases modification of the position and expression more frequently took place than in the former. A zuave struck full in the chest was "doubled upon his musket, as if taking a position to charge bayonet, his face full of energy, with an attitude more menacing than that of a lion."

In wounds of tne abdomen the agony seemed to have been prolonged; the face was contracted, the hands crossed and closed upon the stomach, the body doubled upon itself and lying partially upon the side.

But the report of Dr. Armand, after all, contains no cases so remarkable as two which have bern observed upon one of our battle fields—that of Shiloh. On that bloody field, when the carnage was over, a soldier was found standing, his legs somewhat apart, and his arms thrown convulsively outward, his posture that of a living man, agitated, perhaps, by a strong emotion; he was, nevertheless, stone dead, a ghastly monument of seeming life alongside the hecatomb of fallen corpses. Another body lay partially prostrated on one side, the right hand holding to the mouth a piece of cheese, which the set teeth were almost in the act of grasping. Lying upon the back with the arms extended, and the knees drawn up towards the face, was a posture frequently to be observed, on this as well as other fields. The living attitude of the dead soldier still standing upon his feet, and the grim mockery of life in the apparent offer of food to a corpse, are hardly surpassed by any reported incident of war. The facts are derived from an officer who witnessed the unusual spectacle.

A FIERCE OLD MAN-KANGAROO.—The Goulborn (Australia) Chronicle, November 4, says; "As young John Thomas Patterson, of Sugarloaf Flat, Tarlo, was proceeding on horseback through the brush in the vicinity of his residence, on Saturday last, he was attracted by the yelping of three or four dogs in a thick piece of brushwood, and riding up, he came upon them attacking an immense old man-kangaroo. One of the dogs was already dead, rent asunder by the claws of the monster, and two others were also wounded, but were still tackling it. No sooner did the Kangaroo espy Patterson than it jumped at him and threw its fore paws around the horse's neck. Fortunately the youth had a loaded pistol with him, which he drew and fired, the ball striking the Kangaroo in the left shoulder, and passing out through the back. By this means one of the animal's paws disabled, but with the other he still showed fight, and Patterson being unable to make any impression on his assailant with blows of the pistol, for he had not another charge, endeavored to get the stirrup out of the spring-bar so as to use it at the end of the leather as a weapon. Whilst doing this the Kangaroo with his undisabled paw slightly wounded his hand. At length Patterson got the stirrup loose, and hitting the animal on the temple with all his might, he succeeded in stunning it. With several well directed blows he managed to kill it. The Kangaroo was of enormous size, measuring no less than nine feet six inches from the tip of his tail to his ears.—The tail itself measured fifteeu and a half inches at the but, and the skin and tail weighed twenty-nine and a half pounds. When sitting on its haunches the animal was fully seven feet in hight."

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

E. B. BOUST, : : : : EDITOR.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 21, 1864

We publish on the outside of to-day's paper Mr. Deal's *expose* of the motives and intentions by which we have been actuated in the cruel onslaught made by the ENQUIRER upon that high-minded, Christian gentleman in particular, and the Methodist Episcopal Church in general. What we have said in this matter certainly should not have been said at all, for have we not created a feeling antagonistic in spirit to the doctrines taught by David Deal; have we not created, by our malicious interference a rupture between that high church dignitary and Union Sunday school Superintendent? Mr. Deal says we have, and cannot all see from that excellent Divine's communication that he is an honorable man! Does not his letter carry conviction to the minds of all unprejudiced, fair-dealing persons? Are the assertions of such men as H. Davis, J. L. Herbert, or any of the gang of "secession-loving, Union-hating" tribe, to be considered as worthy the attention of a Christian community when coming in contact with the well established *facts* produced by David Deal? Of course not. The very idea is presumptuous, and these pigmies will doubtless be hurled to destruction by the thundering anathemas which is in store for them from the mighty pen of this high churchman. It is useless now to expect the least leniency, you have thrown yourselves completely out of the pale of mercy, and the vials of wrath which will be emptied on your devoted heads will utterly consume you. Have you not knowingly and stubbornly opposed this exalted Colossus of the Church? Have you not refused to bow to his behests after inviting him to labor amongst you; have you not set at defiance his well-known wishes in matters regarding the Sunday-school; and do you not know that you have been guilty of unheard of presumption by attempting to carry out your own crude ideas of right and justice in opposition to Deal's well-matured principles of religious and political economy? Probabably you are not aware of being guilty of these grave indiscretions, but David Deal the Circuit rider of the Marysville District says you are, and there are a very few demented individuals in your midst say that Deal is an honorable man, a christian, high-toned gentlemen, notwithstanding his recent chivalrous attack upon a ladies' society in this place. But to speak seriously of this man's recent letter in the Marysville *Appeal* in connection with the church matter, and his falsehoods: He has filled a little over a column of reading matter, in which he has sprinkled a tint of truth in order to give a coloring to the whole communication. He starts out with the assertion that the Methodist Church is loyal to the Government, which assertion we have no disposition to dispute; but because the *Church*, as an organization, be in favor of supporting the Government, it is no reason that Deal should be a prophet or the son of a prophet; neither does it follow that those who desire to build a new house of worship are inimical to our country. Deal, to prove that the element was "Union-hating secession-loving" says that the subscription was headed by "a defeated candidate for Senator, who ran on the Copperhead ticket;" meaning thereby to cast opprobium, in localities where that gentleman is not known, upon him. This, then, is a falsehood, for it was written with the intention to deceive—for no one who is at all acquainted with E. L. Bradley of this place, could possibly be ignorant as to his sentiments to the government, and where he is known best he sustains a reputation for honesty, integrity, purity of action, and sound, unequivocal relations towards the Government, that this hypocrical braggart can never attain. Not only does this slanderer maliciously malign Mr. Bradley, but the whole of his attempt appears to be to impress upon the minds of those unacquainted with the difficulty which he has been successful in creating here by his arrogance and dictatorial behavior toward our people, that it is a political move on the part of the Secessionists to persecute a Christian church, when nothing could be farther from the truth, except, probably, some assertions made by this fellow who has stolen the "livery of heaven to serve the devil in." To show how utterly false and totally destitute of truth Deal's statement is in the sense in which he uses it, we will give the names of some of the most active and influential of our citizens, gentlemen who would be respected in any community not entirely degraded by a too frequent commuication with Deal. To begin: E. L. Bradley, M. S. Gardner, Allen Towle, W. C. Richmond, J. A. Shoemaker, G. A. Bradley, C. M. Kopp, C. B. Plummer, postmaster, and two hundred more; gentlemen, who, from the uncalled for charge made upon them would consider "it base slander" to call Deal an honest man. He could not have been more successful in the perversion of the truth had he employed the editor of the paper in which his communication was published to defend him. This Rev. slanderer of good people's fame not content with having traduced good men, must needs lug in the "Mite Society" organized and conducted entirely by the ladies of this place, and notwithstanding their frequent disavowal of all connection with dancing and levity at their meetings, reiterates his lying and malicious charge, and those who are at all acquainted with the facts know and pronounce his charges false. One reading Deal's communication would naturally think that Dutch Flat was a Secession precinct, when such is by no means the case, as a glance at the election returns will fully show. The majorities for the Union ticket in many instances being two to one. How is it then that out of a population of about three hundred voters the Methodist church under Deal can scarce number a dozen male supporters? Is it possible that he has driven the loyal population of Dutch Flat into the Secesh ranks; if he has contributed to bring about this state of things General Wright ought to be informed of it, so as to put a stop to his treasonable practices.—Deal forgets that in Sunday school matters the Methodist church organization was the first to secede, and that his meddlesome obtrusion and intermeddling was uncalled for with the Union Sunday school. The same people who built the house that the Methodists occupy here now are the same engaged in erecting a new house where the children and others can be taken from the circle of his baneful influence. Two gentlemen who were formerly members of his church have been compelled to withdraw from it, and are aiding the new church movement, and if all are to be "Union-hating" men who are identified with the new move, or who refuse to bow to the mandates of this upstart third-rate Mahomet, we can but congratulate them on their good sense and dignified behavior. This is no controversy of our seeking, and if a man clothed in the spotless habiliments of the living God will permit evil influences to control his actions, he should be held up to public gaze, and the scorn of good men.

The movement on foot in this place is not a political one, neither is it in opposition to the Methodist Church proper, but persons of different religious faith and political sentiments joined, regardless of sects or creeds, for the purpose of securing a house where Christiaus of *all* denominations will be invited, and if Deal can be able to satisfy the "secession-loving" trustees that he is an honest advocate of Christianity and is willing to bear the crosses of life for Righteousness sake, to return good for evil, and to pray for those that persecute him, he can have an opportunity of preaching there. The assertion that the week previous to his last visit had been spent to prevent his obtaining a congregation is probably original with his prolific brain, we never heard of such a move being on foot, and all things considered, knowing the proverbial liberality of our people, the narrow-minded prejudices, of this flaunting elder, that he has fretted himself into more importance than he really possesses, and the matter of having an audience was one of indifference to a large majority of our people. And now, having answered this man as he deserves, we invite the attention of our readers to communications of Mr. H. Davis and Mr. J. L. Herbert, and also to the resolutions passed by the teachers and scholars of the Union Sunday School. Messrs. Davis & Herbert are gentlemen sufficiently well known here to convince all our people of the untenable position assumed by Mr. Deal.

Dutch Flat Union Sabbath School--M. E. Church--M. E. Sabbath School.

MR. EDITOR.—In replying to an article in the Marysville *Appeal* of Thursday, April 14th, written by David Deal, Presiding Elder for the Marysville District, I will in the first place give a brief history of the Dutch Flat Union Sabbath School, the time of its organization, its progress up to the present time, and shall also give a correct statement of the proceedings in the Quarterly Conference of the M. E. Church during the three first quarters of the present year, and here let me state I have but one desire in the matter, and that is, to place my actions and motives before the public in their proper light. I have no antipathy against Mr. Deal, no desire to prejudice the public against him, but in justice to myself, I am compelled to state that he misrepresented my actions in the Quarterly Conference referred to above, and also referred to in his article, that he done it willfully there is not a shadow of doubt, his version of the matter is false, and I will prove it before I close this article.

The Dutch Flat Union Sabbath School was organized in 1857, the town at that time did not number perhaps over two hundred inhabitants, and the few who helped to organize the school were composed of members of different denominations. They met together as Christians should, and organized the school which has continued until the present, and has always been known as the Dutch Flat Union Sabbath School. The first Superintendent elected was a local Baptist minister by the name of McCollum, after officiating a year he was called to Nevada, and H. Davis was elected in his stead. Here let me state that there was a M. E. Church organized a short time previous to the organization of the Sabbath School, the preacher in charge was the Rev. Mr. Schofield, he with some of the members of his church lent a helping hand to the school. But to proceed about the time of Mr. Davis' election the Methodists or some of them, proposed uniting the school with the M. E. Church, and here let me say, that was the first opposition that the Union school had to encounter, the subject was agitated until the first Conference meeting of the M. E. Church, when a vote was taken upon it and lost, this settled the matter for the present. The school was not troubled by any sectarian feeling, and in such a position could reach all classes, it increased in numbers and interest, and in justice to our Superintendent, H. Davis, I would say that too much credit cannot be given him for his untiring energy and self-sacrificing devotion, year by year. He has labored in that capacity, and is still laboring in the same even tenor of his way, nothing daunted by the jeers and vile slang that has been heaped upon him *by a few* who perhaps never had a lofty aspiration in their life, who could not appreciate a good man, unless perchance he was a Methodist, and under those circumstances, they would worship the word Methodist instead of the man. One more word in regard to Mr. Davis, and that is in relation to the interest he has always manifested in the M. E. Church since the time he first came to Dutch Flat. He has always attended the M. E. Church, has always manifested an interest in it, and has given liberally toward the support of their ministers. And now in reference to the building of the church I will make this statement: at the time it was being built there were nearly 20 members, out of these 20 take four, and Mr. Davis gave more than all the balance put together.—Some may enquire why I make these statements? in reply, I would say that it is simply because they are facts, yet again, in justice to the public generally, I would say that three-fourths of the money expended on said church, was donated for that purpose by the citizens of Dutch Flat. It is true that they gave it for a M. E. Church, they gave it knowing it was to be such, but they gave it too, with the promise that it should be free for all orthodox denominations. How far this has been carried out the public can judge. I will cite but one instance wherein they violated their pledge, that was in turning the Union Sabbath School out of the church. Why did they do this? why did they turn a happy group of 70 children into the street? I will tell you, it was to satisfy a spirit of revenge engendered in the breast of David Deal. He imagined that Mr. Davis had insulted his highness some time previous, by not showing him more courtesy during his quarterly visits with us. That this impression is false can be proven by the teachers that were present at the time Mr. Deal has so often referred to. Admit if you please that Mr. Deal had been insulted by Mr. Davis, would it not have been the part of a Christian to have gone to Mr. Davis and told him of his error, instead of bringing the matter before the public as he has done. But no, that would not do, a spirit of revenge more becoming a savage of the forest was in the man, and to satisfy it he had to insult the people through Mr. Davis.

I shall now confine myself to the article in the Marysville *Appeal*. At the first quarterly conference after the arrival of Rev. C. H. Northup, Mr. Deal presided, when the question in regard to Sabbath Schools was brought before the conference, Mr. Deal stated that the Sabbath School ought to belong to the church, that H. Davis was not a fit man for the position. He appointed a committee to wait on Mr. Davis to ask him to resign, one of that committee, out of three, volunteered to wait on Mr. Davis. Now let me ask if there could be a more direct insult offered to any man than was offered to Mr. Davis by Mr. Deal on this occasion. I ask what right had Mr. Deal to interfere with Mr. Davis, or with the school; was the school under his jurisdiction, had the families that sent children appointed him to dictate who should be superintendent? Let the parents of those children answer. Mr. Davis, after receiving the notice to resign, put it to vote before the school, and what was the result that he should remain their Superintendent; and why, because they all loved the man.

At the second quarterly conference the organization of a M. E. Sabbath School was brought up, and here let me say that he has failed to break up the Union School and secure the booty, (namely, the books). The next best was to organize a school of his own liking, this was done as above stated; the next in order was the selection of a suitable hour. A motion was made to meet the following Sabbath at the hour of two to organize, and carried with one dissenting voice. I was then a member of the conference, and voted in the negative; and why, because I had too much respect for the Sabbath School that I had been connected with for over five years. Let me state that the Union Sabbath School met at this hour in the M. E. Church. Now, I ask the reader to pause one moment, and ask if this was a Christian spirit. Mr. Deal states that after various plans were proposed, I proposed the one adopted. This is false. The plan that I proposed after getting a reconsideration of the vote above referred to, was this: "That we appoint a committee of three to wait on Mr. Davis and ask him if he is willing to divide the afternoon, so that both schools can meet and not conflict." Then the question was asked, what if Mr. Davis objects to changing the hour? My answer then was, that we ought to take the hour of three. The resolution that I offered was voted upon and carried, with but one dissenting voice, as Mr. Deal stated. He also states that I was appointed to carry out the design, I will correct him there by stating, that I was one of three appointed to carry out the design of that resolution. Now let me ask if the instructions that we as a committee received, were in accordance with the resolution that I offered. Our instructions, *verbatim*, were as follows, that "we wait on Mr. Davis in a cordial manner and state to him the we want the use of the church at the hour of one, and ask him to take the hour of three, and if he refuses, we are then and there to notify him that we want the church at the hour of two." Now I ask the reader to compare my resolution with these instructions, and then judge whether Mr. Deal was correct or not.

Mr. Deal states that we did not vote to turn the Union School out of the church. I will agree with him that we did not vote directly to turn them out of the church, but before the close of the conference the subject was brought up and discussed at some length, but their conscience s not being seared quite enough for so gross an act, it was finally tabled for one week.

Mr. Deal further states that *our people* were not present when the proposition was presented to Mr. Davis. Here is another falsehood. The committee were present, composed of Mr. Fry, Mr. Silly, and myself. He will not disown Brother Fry and Brother Silly, and yet another Brother was also present, W. D. Coyn, (a lobby member, by the by, on this occasion). Mr. Deal will not disown him will he. No indeed; his evidence would be taken in preference to that of half a dozen of those religious bigots who are building a new church with portable seats, in order to have a dance when his Lordship is drummed out of town.

J. L. HERBERT.

FALSEHOODS REFUTED.

DUTCH FLAT, April 16, 1864.

MR. EDITOR.—The following preamble and resolution was adopted in the Union Sunday School, with the request that the same be published in the ENQUIRER:

WHEREAS, A communication has appeared in a paper called the Marysville *Appeal* signed by one David Deal, Presiding Elder, Marysville District, making sundry statements calculated to create a false impression in relation to the Sabbath school, some of which statements are as follows:

But you ask, did the difficulties in Dutch Flat originate in anything that either directly or remotely referred to the subject of loyalty to the Government?

It was wholly in reference to that subject that the difficulty started, and it was seized upon by a few religious bigots, who gave a great amount of trouble to our church, in order to aid them to do that which could not have been accomplished in any other way, namely—the erection of a church under the old plea of Union.

During the ministration of Rev. J. H. Maddux, the school held in the M. E. Church was superintended by a man who is anti-Administration, anti-War, etc., and who exhibited his hatred for any word spoken in favor of our Government in various ways.

After the arrival of Rev. C. H. Northup, and at his first Quarterly Meeting in the Quarterly Conference, the school matter was mentioned and a Committee appointed to wait upon the Superintendent to request him to resign; that Committee was constituted of one of the best men of Dutch Flat, and who sympathized in the movement.

In the meantime the Superintendent read an apology to the school on political preaching, in which he saw fit to mention Rev. J. H. Maddux and myself by name, and that in the presence of the children of our Methodist families. He then called a meeting for the purpose of electing a Superintendent, and a member of our church was placed in the chair, but when the Union-hating, secession-loving Superintendent found that he had not a majority of votes, he moved for an adjournment of the meeting, and altho' another man was in the chair, put the motion himself—and that was one of the times when the minority made more noise than the majority.

Resolved, That all of the foregoing statements are in part, or in whole false, and in some cases we believe to be malicious, and are unbecoming a preacher of truth and righteousness.

Resolved, That the above resolution and preamble be published in the Dutch Flat ENQUIRER and that the Marysville *Appeal* be requested to copy the same.

H. DAVIS, Supt.

W. S. MCKEE, Secretary.

I also furnish you with a copy of the address alluded to by Elder Deal, and the records of the Sunday School, which will prove the falsity of Elder Deal's statements, in reference to the address. I had hoped that the Sunday School difficulties were all settled, after the promise made us in connection with the barking dogs, at the Methodist Church, at the Quarterly Meeting in January. And I would not now notice the false, vindictive, and unmanly charges made against me personally, and in connection with the Sabbath School of which I have the honor of being Superintendent, but for the position Mr. Deal holds in the Church of which he is a member. I have carefully perused the article in the Marysville *Appeal*, and I am sorry to say it is a tissue of falsehoods from beginning to end. In reference to the Sabbath School he stated one fact, that is, where the minority made more noise than the majority, though I will do Mr. Deal the justice to say this correct statement was made by accident. Who were the minority? perhaps the minutes of the Sabbath School will throw some light on that subject.

After the Sabbath School services a considerable portion of time was spent by the Methodists, to prove by two vascilating Methodist witnesses, against 8 or 10 respectable witnesses and the Sabbath School records, that the school was a Methodist Sabbath School. Capt. Pollard being Vice Superintendent, was called temporarily to the chair, to enable the Superintendent to offer a resolution. Much time had been occupied, it was becoming late, when the following proceedings took place:

A motion was then made that according to previous announcement it being the day to elect officers for the ensuing year, the school now proceed to an election. Rev. C. Northup and H. Davis were placed in nomination. The Superintendent stated that it had always had been the custom for the Secretaries to wait on each class and record the vote for each candidate, and suggested that each class go forward to the Secretaries table and cast their vote, and afterward the Teachers. Objections being made, a motion was then made to elect by uplifted hands. The Superintendent declared such an act unprecedented and unjust, and moved that the election be deferred one week. The Vice Superintendent declined to put the motion, the Superintendent resumed the chair, motion was renewed and carried.

The following Sabbath the attendance in the Sabbath School was 85. After the usual services a motion was made to elect a Superintendent, I was nominated, when the rules were suspended, and elected by acclamation with one dissenting voice. What had become of the majority that our *truth-loving* Elder tells us about. Another falsehood perpetrated by the Elder towards myself is, that I mentioned his name with that of Rev. Mr. Maddux, in connection with political preaching. Another falsehood, he says "we proposed to commence at one o'clock and close at half past two. The Union school to commence at that hour and close at four." In the Sabbath School minutes of the 17th January is the following:

After the usual exercises the Superintendent stated that a committee had called upon him for the purpose of having the time of meeting changed until 3 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of allowing the Methodist Sabbath School to meet at our usual time, when the following preamble and resolution was read and acted upon:

WHEREAS, we have generally found it injurious to the best interests of the Sabbath School to change its hour of meeting from time to time, and a newly organized school can easily establish its hour, therefore,

Resolved, That the Dutch Flat Union Sabbath School prefer to retain the hour of from 1½ to 3 o'clock, P. M.

The above resolution was voted on and adopted.

After the adoption of the above resolution, one of "Deal's people" a Trustee of the Church, (and there were several of "Deal's people" present, Deal to the contrary, notwithstanding, and among them one or two more Trustees,) arose and said that the Methodists would probably start a school, and if they did, they would adopt the hour occupied by us. I remarked that the inference was that we would have to leave the church, and I also stated that we had had a very good School when in the School House, and if we had not left it we would never have had any difficulty. The same evening Deal announced there would be a Methodist Sabbath School in the Church, the next Sabbath at 1½ o'clock, P. M.

In reference to the mean and contemptible allusions to my loyalty, I will only repeat what I said when I replied to the false charges that he in a cowardly manner made against me under the cover of a priestly robe in the pulpit: "The individual that charges me with being a disunionist is a liar and a slanderer."

Our Sabbath School is now enjoying peace and prosperity, since the Methodists seceded from us, during a period of 3 months, the attendance has been 68, the three months previous the average attendance was 53; some who withdrew their children from the school when we went into the Methodist Church (foreseeing we would have difficulty) are now sending them to the Sabbath School. We have presented the Methodist School with over $20 00 worth of new books, we wish them prosperity and we could no doubt live in peace and harmony if the Methodist Conference will only keep David Deal away from Dutch Flat.

H. DAVIS, Supt. Union Sabbath School.

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Advertisements.

GREENBACKS.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

E. H. BARTLETT, and Bartlett & Thomas Water Company, have this day paid the sum of $153 due to me, in

Legal Tender Notes, at par.

L. ARNSTEIN.

Dutch Flat, March 17, 1864. m24tm

PLACER COUNTY

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

THIS INSTITUTE, WILL HOLD ITS FIFTH semi-Annual session in Dutch Flat, commencing on Tuesday, April 12, 1864, and will continue in session four days.

Trustees, Teachers and friends of Education generally, are invited to attend and participate in the exercises of the Institute.

The County Board of Examination will meet at 4 o'clock each day during the session of the Institute. Teachers holding tetuporary certificates from the County Superintendent will please be present for examination

The Board of Examiners will consist of the following Teachers. J. C. Ball, E. J. Schellhous, D. W. Hammond and S. R. Case.

Lady Teachers will be furnished with conveyance free of charge.

A. H. GOODRICH, Supt. Pub. Schools.

March 3, 1864.-td.

W. H. KEELER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler.

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM the Eastern States would announce to the public that he has re-opened his old store on Main street, Dutch Flat, one door above the Dutch Flat Water company's office, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers and all others who desire anything done in his line. All work done in a neat and workmanlike manner and warranted to give satisfaction. Nov. 12, 1864.-tf.

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY,

SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET.

HENRY RUNKLE.....PROPRIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABlished Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment. Fresh

Bread, Cakes and Pies

always on hand, together with an excellent assortment of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars!

and an attentive and accommodating bar tender always ready to attend to the *spiritual* wants of those who may favor him with a call.

jan10-v1-tf

Dry Goods and Clothing Store

OPENED IN DUTCH FLAT,

[A few doors below W & P. Nichols' Banking House.] by

CHARLES ADLER.

I have all the latest styles and patterns of Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c., usually kept in any store in the State, which I sell at the lowest Cash prices.

Call and examine my goods, whether you wish to purchase or not. jan 20-tf

NEW CASH STORE,

Main Street, above Stockton.

H. DAVIS HAVING PURCHASED THE entire stock of goods of Messrs. H. C. Harvey & Co., would invite the attention of all to the fact that he is prepared to furnish all articles in his line at prices that cannot fail to satisfy. Buying for cash he is enabled to sell at reduced rates for cash. An excellent assortment of

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
CROCKERY,
PRESERVES,
LIQUORS,
GRAIN, &c.,

Of the purest quality will be constantly kept on hand, and sold as

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!

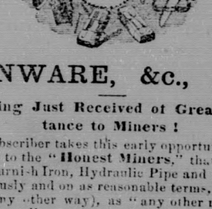
The subscriber hopes by strict attention to business and fair dealing to receive a portion of the patronage. Goods packed to Order, free.

May 21-tf

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,

Will constantly keep on hand all kinds of

HARDWARE!

STOVES,  STOVES,

TINWARE, &c., &c.,

Something Just Received of Great Importance to Miners!

The subscriber takes this early opportunity of announcing to the "Honest Miners," that he is prepared to furnish Iron, Hydraulic Pipe and fixtures, as expeditiously and on as reasonable terms, (per lb. or foot, or any other way), as "any other man." All persons intending to fit up their Claims with Iron Pipe this fall will consult their interests by calling on me before contracting elsewhere.

Together with a general assortment of all articles in his line. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of

Hydraulic Pipe, Hose Pipe!

or anything else pertaining to his business, or the wants of a mining community, at reasonable rates.

ap10-tf

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mar31-td Opposite the Postoffice.

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Seffons, on the death of their little daughter, Nellie.

Again the sky seems dark and lowering,
And the stars of hope are in gloom,
For another sweet bud of promise
Has been taken in its earliest bloom,
Laid away in the churchyard sleeping
That little blossom beneath the sod,
On angels pinions soaring
Its spirit returned to God.

Oft has death entered thy dwelling
And taken the dear ones from thee,
'Till the bitter storm of bereavement
Has left but one bud on the tree,
Your sad hearts with grief o'erflowing
With the gathered bereavements of years,
No words of kind consolation
Can check the swift flowing tears.

But hear ye those angels whispering
To calm thy wild grief to rest,
"Mourn not our presence, behold us
Safely gathered on our dear Saviour's breast,"
Oh the vision of angels faces
Ever thronging memory's fane,
Know ye their brooding pinions
Hood over your spirit's pain?

Thou hast not lost, for to thee shall be given,
Angels bright in the gates of Heaven,
And oh! what a beautiful, holy thought,
That a part of thee, is with glory fraught,
Thy children in heaven, angels of light,
Thy guardians by day, thy watchers by night,
They who now wander in infinite space
Shall meet thee ere long with an angels embrace.

Then why will ye mourn? let joy's pure ray
Fling the dark shadows of sorrow away.
Sately they are sheltered, free from all pain.
Then love to think, looking upward, of a blissful re-union again;
Think of the joys they meet with in Heaven,
Their teachers shall teach them but purity even,
Forever progressing in worlds of light,
The vision of bliss, how bright, oh how bright!

Dutch Flat, April 18, 1864. M. E. B

THE Nevada *Gazette* indulges in some very severe, and, we think, very unjust criticisms towards our fellow-townsman, Mr. B. H. Bartlett. Mr. B. is not opposed to the Government, Mr. *Gazette;* nor has he refused to give up his bet about the taking of Vicksburg; on the contrary, he instructed the stake holder to give up the money as soon as he—the holder—had made his decision in accordance with the provisions of the wager. Our Postmaster is the stake-holder and we get our information from him. Mr. B. has frequently donated generously to the Sanitary Fund and performed other acts of a nature that should excuse him from such violent and uncalled for personal attacks. Brother Stidger you have been misinformed and should come out in one your of beautifully rounded sentences and take it all back.

MILITARY ELECTION.—At a regular meeting of the Pacific Guard held at their armory on Tuesday evening, the following named gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year: Captain, M. H. Calderwood; 1st Lieutenant, J. Y. Thomas; 2nd Lieutenant, Frank Jameson; 2nd Brevet Lieutenant, J. F. Greeley; 1st Sergeant, J. Staples; 2nd Sergeant, E. M. Thomas; 3rd Segeant, G. M. Halsey; 4th Sergeant, J. R. Calderwood; 5th Sergeant, C. W. Staples; 1st Corporal, A. B. Glasscock; 2nd Corporal, T Reed; 3rd Corporal, J. Foster; 4th Corporal, S. B. Harriman; Musicians, S. Baker, M. Baker, O. Ormsby; Clerk, J. F. Greeley; Treasurer, B. F. Moore.

APOLOGY.—We apologize to our readers for introducing Elder Deal this week. We give him more space than his merits entitle him to.

Mining Notices.

WASHINGTON Gold, Silver and Copper Mining Company.—Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Washington Gold, Silver and Copper Mining Company will be held at the office of W. G. Brown on Monday, the twenty-fifth day of April, at 7 o'clock, P. M. A full attendance requested as business of importance will come before the meeting. J. M. FULWEILER,
March 24, 1864. 1m Secretary.

DAMASCUS Gold and Silver Mining Co.—Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 21st day of May 1864, at 12 o'clock, M., there will be sold at public auction, at the office of the Secretary in the town of Damascus, Placer county, so many shares of the capital stock of said company, standing in the names of the following persons, as may be necessary to pay all assessments now due by said parties, together with the expenses of advertising and sale, unless said assessments and charges are previously paid.

Names	*No. Cert.*	*No. Shares*	*No. Ass't.*	*Am't.*
L. P. Bunham	37,38	20	2,3	$12
S. Gillespie	13,14	20	3	2
J. W. Gillespie		20	3	2
D. Quin	29,31	20	3	2
W. H. Wright	47,48	20	2,3	12

By order of the Trustees.
April 15.–td M. H. POWER. Secretary.

CHAUTAUQUE Gold and Silver Mining Company.—Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 21st day of May 1864, at 12 o'clock, M., there will be sold at public autien, at the office of the Secretary in the town of Damascus, Placer county, so many shares of the capital stock of said company, standing in the name of the following persons, as may be necessary to pay all assessments now due by said parties, together with the expenses of advertising and sale, unless said assessments and charges are previously paid.

Names	*No. Cert.*	*No. Shares*	*No. Ass't.*	*Am't.*
F. R. Fish	75		2	$ 9 00
J. W. Gillespie	130		2	15 60
E. Hamilton	152,153,154, 155,156,	200	2	24 00
N. Knight		200	2	24 00
W. H. Wright	100,101,102	130	2	15 60

By order of the Board of Trustees.
April 15.–td M. H. POWER, Secretary.

ELLINGER Quartz Mining Company.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the above named company will be held at the office of the Secretary, in Iowa Hill, on Saturday, May 28th 1864, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the election of officers and Trustees for the ensuing year, and the transaction of other important business.
April 15.–3w J. H NEFF, Secretary.

TO BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN.

HORIZONTAL STEAM ENGINE, ten (10) inch bore, twenty (20) inch stroke, with tubular boiler, in good condition. Enquire at Lyon's store, Iowa Hill, or to JAMES DANIELS, Sec'y
ap14-tf North Star Union Co.

Special Notices.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 81, I. O. O. F. hold their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.

Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.
F. BURCKHALTER, N. G.
J. M. CHILDS, Rec. Secretary. ja-1

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

Open from 7 A. M., to 9 P. M. Mail closes daily at 9 o'clock, P. M.

Office open on Sundays from 8 o'clock, A. M., to 10 A. M., and one hour in the evening on the arrival o the mail. C. B. PLUMMER, P. M.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

"I have never changed my mind respecting them from the first, excepting to think yet better of that which I began thinking well of."
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

"The Troches are a staff of life to me."
PROF. EDWARD NORTH,
Pres. Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y.

"For Throat Troubles they are a specific."
N. P. WILLIS.

"Too favorably known to need commendation."
HON. CHAS. A. PHELPS,
Pres. Mass. Senate.

"Contain no Opium nor anything injurious."
DR. A. A. HAYES, Chemist, Boston.

"An elegant combination for Coughs."
DR. G. F. BIGELOW, Boston.

"I recommend their use to Public Speakers."
REV. E. H. CHAPIN.

"Most salutary relief in Bronchitis."
REV. S. SIGGERSID, Morristwon, Ohio.

"Very beneficial when suffering from Colds."
REV. S. J. P. ANDERSON, St. Louis.

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."
REV. A. C. EGGLETON, New York.

"They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat so that I could sing with ease."
T. DUCHARME,
Chorister, French Parish Church, Montreal.

As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine.*
Agents for California.
REDINGTON & CO.,
ma31 1m San Francisco.

Legal Advertisements.

District Court Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Placer.—District Court of the 11th Judicial District of said State. The People of the State of California, to J. Dorenbask, Capt. B. Pollard and Bartlett & Thomas, Greeting: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of J. J. Collins, in said Court, filed against you, within ten days from the service of this Writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you within said County, and within said District, twenty days; and if served on you without said County and District, then in forty days from such service, exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the 22d day of February 1864 in said court, to obtain judgment against you defendant Dorenback for the sum of $1,155 00, with interest thereon from the 14th day of May 1862, at the rate of 2 per cent. per month, alleged to be due on a certain promissory note of that date and tenor; which note plaintiff now owns and holds, and also for a decree of foreclosure against certain property mortgaged by you to secure the payment of said note, and that the interest of you the defendants Pollard, and Bartlett & Thomas, in and to said property be declared subsequent to and subject to plaintiffs said mortgage, and that you *all* be barred and foreclosed &c., plaintiff also asks for $50 00 attorney's fee, and his cost of suit, all of which you will find more fully set out in complaint on file, a certified copy of which is herewith served And you are hereby notified that if you fail to answer the complaint as directed, plaintiff will take judgment by default against you defendant Dorenbach for $1,155 and interest as claimed, $50 00 attorney's fees, and costs of suit, and apply to the court for the relief demanded in, against all of the defendants herein.

[I. R. S. 50 cts.] In witness whereof, I. A. Huntley, Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and impress the seal of said Court, at office in Auburn, this 23d day of February 1864.
[L. S.] A. HUNTLEY, *Clerk.*
By WM. SMITH, *Deputy.*

Upon reading the affidavit of plaintiff and being satisfied therefrom that a cause of action exists said J. Dorenback, and that he is a necessary and proper party therein, and it further appearing that said J. Dorenback is a non-resident of the State of California, and resides within the Territory of Nevada, it is hereby ordered that said summons as to said J. Dorenback be made by publication, that the same be published in the Dutch Flat Enquirer, a weekly newspaper printed in said county for at least once a week for the period of three months as provided by law.
Given at Auburn this 5th March A. D. 1864.
T. B. McFARLAND,
District Judge, 11th Judicial District.
Attest: D. W. SPEAR, Clerk.
J. Hamilton, Plaintiff's Attorney. March 17.–3m.

District Court Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Placer.—District Court of the 11th Judicial District of said State. The People of the State of California, to J. Dorenback, L. Arnstein, J. H. Willits, and Bradley & Gardner, greeting: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of J. J. Collins, in said Court, filed against you, within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county, but if served on you without said county, and within said District, twenty days; and if served on you without said county and District, then in forty days from such day of service, in an action commenced on the 7th day of January, 1864, in said Court, to obtain judgment against defendant Dorenback for the sum of $2,000 00 and interest thereon from September 17th, 1860 at the rate of 3 per cent. per month, less the sum of $180 00 paid December 8th, 1860, alleged to be due plaintiff on defendant Dorenback's certain promissory note for $2,000 00, with interest as above specified, dated September 17th, 1860, and for costs of suit and attorney's fees, and also for a decree of foreclosure against certain property mortgaged by you to secure the payment of said note; and that the other defendants herein named be required, each to disclose whatever interest he or they may have in said property, and that their interest or claim to the same be declared subsequent to and subject to plaintiff's mortgage, all of which you will find more fully set forth in plaintiff's complaint on file, a certified copy of which is herewith served. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to answer the complaint as directed, plaintiff will take judgment by default against you J. Dorenback for the sum of $2,000 00 and interest thereon from September 17th, 1860, at 3 per cent. per month, less $180 00, and costs and attorney's fees, and apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

[I. R. S. 50 cts.] In witness whereof, I. A. Huntley, Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and impress the seal of said Court, at office in
[Seal] Auburn, this 16th day of January, 1864.
A. HUNTLEY, *Clerk.*
By WM. SMITH, *Deputy.*

State of California, County of Placer.—To the Clerk of said District Court 11th Judicial District, Placer county: From the affidavit of Jo Hamilton, plaintiff's counsel, it appearing that a cause of action exists against said defendant J. Dorenback, and that he is a necessary party thereto, and that he is a non-resident and resides without the state of California. It is hereby ordered, that service of said summons and complaint be made by publication, and that the same be published in the Dutch Flat Enquirer, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, once a week for the space of three months as provided by law.

Given under my hand, at office, this 15th day of January, 1864.
H. FELLOWS,
County Judge, Placer county.
Attest: A. HUNTLEY, Clerk,
By Wm. Smith, Deputy.
Hamilton & Williams, Plaf's Att'ys, ja21-3m

H. W. NELSON,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, one door above the theater, Main street, Dutch Flat, Cal. [no20-tf]

Drugs and Medicines.

R. H. McDONALD. J. G. SPENCER.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRAMENTO, CAL.
Wholesale Drug Importing House
R. H. McDONALD & Co.,
NEW YORK CITY.

The increasing business of our establishment, together with the wants of the trade, have made it necessary to establish a house in the city New York. Our R. H. McDonald is now in that city, and from the facilities for purchasing, shipping, etc., which we now have, we feel confident that we can supply the trade at much lower rates than heretofore.

WE INVITE ATTENTION TO OUR LARGE and carefully selected stock of superior Drugs and Medicines, Chemicals of all kinds, Solid and Fluid Extracts, Shakers' Herbs, Eclectic Preparations, Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods, Trusses & Shoulder Br's, Abdominal Supporters, Assayers' Materials, Retorts and Crucibles, Druggists Glassware, Brewers' Stock, Soda Water Material, Paints and Oils, Kerosene and Coal Oils, Lard and Sperm Oils, Camphene & burning fluid: Alcohol in Tin,

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be under sold by any house in California Orders respectfully solicited and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing Druggists, Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK

The undersigned offer for sale,

300 Carboys Oil Vitrol, "Eastern;"
3000 lbs Nitric Acid, strong;
1500 lbs Citric Acid;
2000 lbs Muriatic Acid;
3000 lbs Powdered Tartaric Acid, best;
50 casks super Carb Soda;
500 ozs Sulph Quinine,
100 ozs Strychnine, pure
75 Sulph Morphine,
100 lbs Iodide Potassa
125 lbs Chloroform
100 lbs Calomel
1000 lbs Spts Nit and Aq Ammonia
600 lbs Balsam Copaiba
750 lbs Gum Arabic, white
2000 lbs Flors Sulphur
600 lbs Oil Lemon Bergamot
3300 gallons Kerosine Oil
1000 galls pure Lard Oil, in tins
800 galls Camphene
1600 galls Alcohol, 95 per cent., in tins
1100 gals Linseed Oil
1000 gals Neatsfoot Polar and China Nut Oil
800 gals Castor Oil
Origanum, Peppermint
Sprue and Almonds
Paint Brushes
White wash Brushes
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes
Feather Dusters
10 bbls refined Lampblack
20 bbls Irish Moss
10 cases Isinglass;
700 doz Wright's Pills
20 gross Brandreth's Pills
100 gross Moffat's, Ayer's Jayne's, Lee's and McLane's Pills
100 doz Myer's Sarsaparilla & Yellow Dock,
50 lbs Lyon's Katharion
500 Jules Haules & Co.'s Extracts, Oils, Colognes, &c.
70 boxes Castile Soap genuine
90 Cases best Olive Oil
3000 lbs Sal Soda
50 bbls Rosin
100 bbls Plaster Paris
10 bbls Marble Dust
20 bbls Whiting
2000 lbs Shakers' Herbs, fresh
100 lbs pure Ground Sage fresh
900 lbs pressed Hops in ¼ ½ and 1lb papers
2500 lbs Borax
3000 lbs assorted Paints in cans
One ton of Putty in bladders and cans
20 bbls Dye woods
Varnishes of all kinds

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be under sold by any house in California Orders respectfully solicited and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing and Wholesale Druggists,
Sacramento.
R. H McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK.

DENTAL
IMPORTING HOUSE,
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRAMENTO,
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
NEW YORK.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Dental Profession to our large and complete assortment of dental goods, the following comprising a part only:

Plain and Pivot Teeth,
Gum Teeth, large assort't.
Teeth for Vulcanite work
gum & plain, great variety
Jones & White's gold foil,
Abbey & Son's Gold Foil,
Watt's Crystal Foil and Sponge Gold,
Tin Foil and Platina plate
Gold Plate and Solder,
Dental chairs & head rests,
Forceps, a large variety,
Files of all kinds,
Ivory Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Steel and Wire Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Excavators, burrs & drills
Screws, Punches, Hooks,
Brushes and Carundum Wheels,
Grind Stones and Polish Powders,
Lathes,
Mouth Mirrors, different patterns.

DENTAL CASES.

Chevalier's Best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, etc. Cases made of mahogany, brass bound, with drawers, etc., all complete. Price according to size and style—from $75 to $175, cash.

Anatomical Preparations.

Consisting of Upper and lower Maxillaries, carved exhibiting Nerves on one side and Artery and Vein on the other. Head, with carved Jaw, exposing fangs of Teeth, 32 in number.

Vulcanizers, Vulcanite Teeth, Rubber and everything for doing vulcanite work in the latest and most approved styles, together with nearly everything used by Dentists, all of which we shall sell at very low prices, and respectfully solicit Dentists to call and examine and price our goods.

Goods packed with care and forwarded, by express or otherwise, to all parts of the Pacific coast.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento, Cal.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

Trusses, Supporters, Etc.

Gum Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Abdominal Supporters, Suspensary Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

BREWERS' STOCK.

Fresh Hops, Irish Moss, Burgundy Pitch, Keg Corks. Everything in this line of the best quality. For sale upon reasonable terms.
20 bales Hops just received by Express
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

ECLECTIC MEDICINES.

We are constantly receiving per express, additional supplies from the manufactories.

TILDON'S SUGAR COATED PILLS, of nearly all the concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD & Co.,
Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

SODA WATER MATERIAL.

Corks, Acids, Essential Oils, Whiting, Marble Dust, Soda Twine. Everything in the line.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Assayer's Material.

Crucibles, Retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line.

PERFUMERY.

We are constantly receiving articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD &CO.

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES.

Brushes, Feather Dusters, Zinc White, Fire Proof Paint, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

COAL AND KEROSENE OILS.

Burning Fluid, Lamp Oil, Neats-foot Oil, Lard Oil, Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

J. H. LeCAMP. E. HUDEPOHL

BOOT, SHOE AND DRY GOODS STORE,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

R. HUDEPOHL & CO., RESPECTFULLY informs the public of Dutch Flat that they have on hand and are constantly receiving a well assorted stock of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
BLANKETS, TRUNKS, VALISES,
LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDRENS'
GAITERS, SHOES AND TIES.

From the most celebrated Eastern manufactories together with an excellent supply of

Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods,

Which they are enabled, from their connection with houses below, to sell at the lowest market prices.

☞ Particular attention paid to the manufacturing and repairing of boots and shoes. ap3-tf

LIVERY AND EXCHANGE STABLE.
Sacramento street, Dutch Flat.

THOMAS MORRIS,.....PROPRIETOR.

HAVING THE LARGEST AND MOST convenient Stable in the place, offers superior accommodations to Teamsters and the traveling public. An extensive Wagon Yard is connected with the establishment.

Horses to let on Livery.

Animals stabled, boarded and groomed by the day, week or month, at reasonable rates.
49-tf

THEODORE SCHUBERT.
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,
Main Street, Opposite the Placer Brewery.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE to call the attention of the residents of Dutch Flat and vicinity to the fact that he make to rder boots of all grades from a

Fine Dress to a substantial Miner's Boot

Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. Our work is considered equal to the Philadelphia, New York or Boston manufacture. Call and examine.
THEODORE SCHUBERT.
Dutch Flat, May 21, 1862.–3m

PICTURE GALLERY!
NEARLY OPPOSITE THE THEATRE.

THE UNDERSIGNED INFORMS THE ladies and gentlemen of Dutch Flat and vicinity that having made improvements in the art, he is now prepared to take likenesses in any manner desired.

Ambrotypes and Photographs!

taken to order. Those desirous of sending their likenesses to the "Old Folks at Home" have now an opportunity. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. O. B. SILVER.
May 28, 18 63.–tf.

CALIFORNIA STAGE LINE.
From Dutch Flat to Auburn Station.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE, the Coaches of the "California Stage Company" will leave Dutch Flat daily, at 3½ A. M., for Sacramento, connecting with the cars of the Sacramento, Placer & Nevada Railroad Co., at Auburn station at 10½ A. M., and arriving at Sacramento at 1¼ P. M., same day, connecting with the boats for San Francisco. Returning, leaves Sacramento at 6½ A. M., daily, connecting with the coaches at Auburn station at 9 A. M., arriving at Dutch Flat at 3½ P. M.

This line connects at Auburn with the coaches for Forest Hill, Todd's Valley, Yankee Jim's and Michigan Bluffs; at Illinoistown, with coaches for Iowa Hill. Through tickets for all these points can be procured at the Stage office "What Cheer House," Sacramento; also, at the offices in the above named places for Sacramento or Folsom.

Passengers by this line can rely upon receiving every attention necessary for *safety, speed* and *comfort.* August 6, 1863.–tf.

AMERICAN HOTEL,
—AND—
GENERAL STAGE OFFICE,
Auburn, Placer County.

GEORGE H. STEPHENS, ...Proprietor

THE PROPRIETOR HAVING RESUMED control of the first class hotel, and refitted it with new and desirable furniture are prepared to receive and accomodate visitors in a manner not surpassed by any house in the State. The house is situated in an eligible quarter of the town and presents many features to make it preferable as a stopping place.

The office of the California Stage Company is kept in the American and persons can book their names for any part of the State on any of the various lines.
April 17 tf

WHITNEY & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO)
JOHNSTON & CO.,
Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
California Produce
Auburn Station, Placer Co.

Mark your goods "W. & CO., and send shipping receipts with goods, facilitate business and prevent mistakes.

Offices—Sacramento.....Corner Front and L strs
Lincoln .....At the Railroad Depot
Auburn Station.....At the Railroad Depot
[jan28–tf]

ALEXANDER BUSWELL,
PRACTICAL BOOKBINDER,
Paper Ruler and Blank Book Manufacturer,
517 Clay and 214 Commercial streets,
Between Montgomery and Sansome
San Francisco.

☞ Binding of every description neatly exected Blank Books Rule and Bound to any desired Pattern Aug. 21, 1862–1y.

TO MINING COMPANIES.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH every description of

Certificates of Stock, Blank Receipts, etc.,

in book form, at the very lowest rates.

Crocker's Stock and Assessment Ledger
furnished at
SACRAMENTO PRICES.
ENQUIRER OFFICE.

Patent Medicines.

We are agents for the following known Medicines and offer them at REDUCED PRICES:

Sands Sarsaparilla.	Jaynes Sanative Pills,
Ayers Sarsaparilla.	Jaynes Ague Pills,
Myers Sarsaparilla and Yellow Dock,	Ayers Pills,
Jaynes Expectorant,	Moffats Pills,
Jaynes Alterative,	Cheesmans Pills,
Jaynes Hair Tonic.	Tildens Fluid Extracts,
Ayers Pectoral and Ague cure,	Tildens Sugar Coated pills
Wistar's Bals Wild Cherry	Tilden's Pearls of Ether and Chloroform,
	Moffats Phœnix Bitters,

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRAMENTO.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
NEW YORK.
ju18-tf

Saloons and Billiards.

PONY SALOON.
Corner Main and Stockton streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED this spacious and commodious building and refitted it entirely with new furniture, has opened in the same a

Billiard Saloon,

Where may be found two of the best tables in the mountains. The very

Best Liquors, Wines and Cigars,

Constantly on hand, and an accommodating barkeeper in constant attendance to supply the wants of the customers. Come, give the new man a chance!
Aug. 6, 1863.–tf. PONY–JONES.

SENATE SALOON.
Main Street, Opposite the Express.

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO INFORM the citizens of Dutch Flat and his friends generally that he has leased this well known stand where he will constantly keep the best

Wines and Liquors

to be had in the market. Cigars of the best brands always on hand. A call from those partial to pure beverages solicited. DAVID MAYER.
November 12, 1863.–tf

PLACER BREWERY.

BOOMERANG.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED this well known establishment and favorite resort, will hereafter keep it in the best style having always on hand the best

Wines and Liquors!

Cigars and fresh brewed lager. By strict attention to business and accommodation to customers he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. Call and see me.
March 13th, 1862 —tf J. P. MEYER.

BED ROCK SALOON,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT,
GEO. L. SLOCUMB,.....Proprietor.

KEEP CONSTANTLY on hand the finest

Wines, Brandies, Cigars

and playing cards in the market, in lots to suit customers. Billiard Balls, Cues and Cue Wafers purchased for customers at lowest city prices.
December 4, 1862.–tf

NATIONAL HOTEL.
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT, CAL.

JAS. A. SHOEMAKER.....Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR IS DESIROUS OF INforming his friends and the public generally that he has thoroughly renovated and considerably improved his well known establishment, and is now prepared to accommodate all who may call upon him in a manner unsurpassed by any house in the mountains.

THE BAR

Is at all times furnished with the choicest liquors, wines, syrups and cigars, where an attentive and experienced bar-keeper may always be found to accommodate the patrons.

WELL AIRED ROOMS

and the cleanest of beds are features in this establishment now unequaled in the State.
Terms of board moderate, and accommodations of every description plenty. Feb. 18.–tf.

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP,
Corner of Sacramento and Main streets,
Dutch Flat, Cal.

F. GROHS, DESIRES TO INform the public that he constantly keeps on hand a good assortment of fresh BEEF, PORK, MUTTON AND OCCASIONALLY VEAL, which he sells at the most reasonable rates. Persons at a distance supplied daily.
March 13, 1862—tf

DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL

THE DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL IS still in successful operation, where persons can secure the best lumber at the most reasonable rates. All orders filled with promptness, and lumber furnished on terms to make it an inducement to those in need of material to give us a call.

Sugar Pine Lumber

In large quantities, constantly on hand and for sale cheap. To those in want of lumber for

MINING PURPOSES!

We can supply orders with promptness, having superior facilities for sawing, we are enabled to present better inducemen for contracts.

To Builders and Contractors

Requiring lumber for building purposes, can be supplied with SEASONED LUMBER of every description on the shortest notice. All kinds of
LUMBER SAWED TO ORDER.
June 20, 1860. tf J. JONES & CO.

DUTCH FLAT SAW MILL.

THE ABOVE SAW MILL being the oldest established mill now in operation in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, having been lately repaired, is now capable of cutting lumber equal to the most celebrated mills in Placer county. We have on hand a general assortment of seasoned and green lumber, hard and soft lumber, and having

Reduced the Prices!

to correspond with the times, will sell as LOW if not a *little* lower than any other Saw Mill in this vicinity.

We are now receiving in the yard a large and superior lot of saw logs, and can fill orders for lumber with dispatch of all usual dimensions, varying in length from 10 to 30 feet.

Being situated within a few hundred yards of Dutch Flat, and convenient to most of the valuable mining claims, offer superior inducements to

Miners and Builders

Who will find it to their interest to give us a call before purcha elsewhere.sing

☞ Lumber delivered to any point within ten miles. ALLEN TOWLE.
Dutch Flat, June 24th, 1860. tf

WE THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS CREATed by "An Act for the better protection of the Treasury of Placer county," approved April 6th 1863, do hereby certify that in pursuance of our duties as set forth in said Act of the Legislature of the State of California, we have examined the books and papers in the office of E. M. Banvard, the Treasurer of Placer county, and find that there should be on the 4th day of March A. D. 1864, on the close of the official business of said day the amounts in the several county funds as specified below, namely:

County Fund	$ 69 24
Redemption do	475 20
School do	204 97
School Districts	5,463 13
Road do	1,115 31
Railroad Interest Fund	1,020 00
Indian Fund	37 60
Estates of Deceased Persons	150 91
Total amount	$ 8,836 36

And we further certify, that we have counted the money in the Treasury of Placer county, and find that there is in said Treasury, in United States gold and silver coin, the sum of Eight thousand eight hundred and thirty-six 36-100 dollars.
[I. R. S] H. FELLOWS, County Judge.
JO. HAMILTON, Dist. Attorney.
M. FANNON,
JAS. R. RODGERS, } Board of Supervisors
D. W. MADDEN,
Subscribed and sworn to, before me a Notary Public in and for Placer county, this fourth day of March A. D. 1864. R. R. PATTON,
March 7.–1m Notary Public.

[From the Marysville Daily Appeal

Dutch Flat Union School—Union Church—Dutch Flat Enquirer.

We did not intend to take the trouble even to contradict the many unmanly and false aspersions contained for many months past in the Dutch Flat *Enquirer*, but the repeated assaults made upon our *church* and charges made against myself compels me, for the purpose of information to those uninformed as to the cause of all the trouble, to give it a little attention.

From the zeal manifested by the delectable sheet mentioned above, some would suppose that it had become zealous for the Lord of Hosts; but those who understand the whole matter can see through the thin veil of hypocricy and malice, for they are fully aware that our church is cordially hated by the Secession-loving, Union-hating crowd of every town and city in the United States.

It is known every where that our church is loyal, and our ministers outspoken in the cause of the Union, and hence anything that would be calculated to injure her would be at all times seized upon by her enemies.

But you ask, did the difficulties in Dutch Flat originate in anything that either directly or remotely referred to the subject of loyalty to the Government?

It was wholly in reference to that subject that the difficulty started, and it was seized upon by a few religious bigots, who gave a great amount of trouble to our church, in order to aid them to do that which could not have been accomplished in any other way, namely—the erection of a church under the old plea of Union.

During the ministration of Rev. J. H. Maddux, the school held in the M. E. Church was superintended by a man who is anti-Administration, anti-War, etc., and who exhibited his hatred for any word spoken in favor of our Government in various ways.

After the arrival of Rev. C. H. Northup, and at his first Quarterly Meeting in the Quarterly Conference, the school matter was mentioned and a Committee appointed to wait upon the Superintendent to request him to resign; that Committee was constituted of one of the best men of Dutch Flat, and who sympathized in the movement.

In the meantime the Superintendent read an apology to the school on political preaching, in which he saw fit to mention Rev. J. H. Maddux and myself by name, and that in the presence of the children of our Methodist families. He then called a meeting for the purpose of electing a Superintendent, and a member of our church was placed in the chair, but when the Union-hating, secession-loving Superintendent found that he had not a majority of votes, he moved for an adjournment of the meeting, and altho' another man was in the chair, put the motion himself—and that was one of the times when the minority made more noise than the majority.

It must be remembered that the above all occurred in my absence, and all the hand I had in it, was to preside in the meeting in which the Committee was appointed who waited on the Superintendent when I arrived to hold my Second Quarterly Meeting. I found that the secession-loving friends, and a few who were always, in my opinion, watching for some hobby to ride, in order to get a church, had united together and had a Union Church in the progress of erection, and I found at the head of the list of contributors thereto one who was defeated for Senator, and who ran on the Copperhead ticket.

And now with my acquaintance at Dutch Flat, I am prepared to say that no political element in the new church predominates, for but a few profess any regard for God or his cause.

At my Second Quarterly Meeting, I presided in the Quarterly Conference when the organization of a Methodist School was again brought up, and after various plans were proposed, Mr. J. L. Herbert, now engaged in a crusade against our church, proposed the plan finally adopted, which was carried with but one dissenting voice.

Mr. J. L. Herbert was appointed a Committee to carry out the design of the resolution, for he said if Mr. Davis refused to comply therewith, he would feel that it would be right to do as we resolved.

We did not vote to turn the Union School out of the church, as repeatedly stated in the sheet published at Dutch Flat, but proposed to give them part of the time then occupied, and occupy part of the same house ourselves. We proposed to commence at one o'clock and close at half past two. The Union School to commence at that hour and close at four.

When the proposition was presented our people were not in the School, and the Superintendent although occupying our church, put it to vote whether they would extend the courtesy to us or not, and it was carried in the negative.

Our Committee according to the resolution were then requested to state to the Superintendent that we desired the use of our house, in order to hold a Methodist Sabbath School.

The Sabbath following our second quarterly meeting the Sabbath School was started, part of the money for books being raised in the Quarterly Conference.

In the meantime quite a stir was made, and the story diligently circulated that we had turned the people out of our Church—nor was the Union Sabbath School denied the use of the house.—But the front of our offending was that we did not want our children under the control of a man who is hostile to our government—nor our children taught the political creed of the *Enquirer*, or of the Superintendent.

When I arrived at my third Quarterly meeting, I found that the whole week had been spent in trying to circulate messages to prevent me getting a congregation, and as the editor talks of a large congregation I want him to understand that in the morning the congregation of the school house was several less than that in the church, the night I am not acquainted.

But whether it was or not, majorities do not always represent the right; and where there is a man abusing the prerogatives of the press he can do much harm—and I have no doubt it has been done in Dutch Flat; but at the door of the editor of the *Enquirer* lays the blame.

But the remarks said to have been made on my visit, in regard to taking out the seats was not intended to reflect on the Rev. Mr. Ely, although teaching loyalty and love for our government, may be different from my own; but he is not responsible to me, but to his God, and his country, and if he suits the people of Dutch Flat I have no reason to complain.

So far as it refers to the Second Church in Dutch Flat, all I have to say is, if they do not leave the seats loose in order to engage in the dance, they will change the programme vastly, for in the *Enquirer* I find the following: "Mite Society. This local institution will meet this evening at the Golden Eagle Hall. The regular meeting was postponed on account of the Military Dance, which took place on the 23d.—We hear the ladies intend having tableaux, music, dancing, &c."

And have they not had dancing at almost every come together for the purpose of raising funds for the new Church? It could not have been on account of the exceeding jealousy excited thereby that the remark was made, but because of the fitness of the remark at the time.

Now to show how closely the *Enquirer can* come to the truth. The morning and night in which I labored last was very stormy, and in the morning there was over forty, and at night over thirty, and many more would have been there had the weather been fair.

But Mr. C., dont mistake yourself, the people know why you and others hate the Methodist Church, and why you would injure us in Dutch Flat; but truth will triumph, and when it does you will be counted among those who have neither part nor lot on the same. As to the remarks made in regard to Rev. McGrath, all I have to say is, if he did as represented he did very wrong; but no man acquainted with that gentleman would take the word of the *Enquirer* for that assertion, especially after the effort made to injure a people whose only offence is a desire to do what they deem is right and just.

From the drift of the *Enquirer's* remarks some would suppose that the congregation under Rev. C. H. Northup had gone down; such is not the case, as those connected therewith inform me that there has been but little change if any in the number attending the services of our Church.

DAVID DEAL, P. E., Marysville District.

COST OF COLORED TROOPS.—Quite a spicy discussion took place in the United States Senate a few days ago on the question of equalizing the pay of negro soldiers. Being a side dispute among Republicans exclusively, it is interesting. Mr. Grimes of Iowa asserted that the number of colored troops in public employment to-day is not far from seventy thousand, and Senator Doolittle of Wisconsin added that conversation with a person of great knowledge, in the "Commissary Department, on this very subject, it was estimated by him that for every able-bodied colored soldier put into our ranks in the States where the insurrection exists, there will about four persons, women and children, or decrepid old men, upon their hands." If these estimates be correct, the General Government is now feeding and clothing 280,000 colored women and children in addition to the 70,000 men in the public service. Mr. Doolittle in the course of his remarks suggested that if negroes taken from Southern plantations were to be given full soldier's pay, while the government supported their families—"while their women and children flock in crowds around our armies to be fed from our commissary stores and clothed from the clothing that comes from our Quartermaster's department—if you do that, I say you have forgotten that white men are as good as negroes at least." Does Senator Doolittle mean to be understood as holding that a white man is as good as a negro? He is evidently getting "unsound!"—*Rochester Union.*

TEN THOUSAND PERSONS "ACCIDENTALLY" BURNT ALIVE IN JAPAN.—In August last, not a building with 2,000 beings in it, but a whole city of 170,000 souls was suddenly burnt to ashes in a few hours—a city of paper and bamboo, covering many square miles, filled with its women and children, the sick and the infirm, the blind, the halt, and the maimed. It burned like straw, on many sides at once, reddening the ocean for many leagues with its flames. It was fired, without warning, by bomb-shells and red hot shot rushed incessantly during two days in their midst. In the vast conflagration it is morally certain that not two thousand only, but at least five times, perhaps ten or twenty times two thousand helpless creatures must have perished. No brilliant pen has painted for us the hideous incidents of their last agonies, and the horrors of an infernal fire, before which that of Cain burns but pale and feebly. Fast death was dealt out by English sailors—purposely, unsparingly and boastfully—not in war, not in necessity, not in self-preservation, but in order to strike terror to a harmless people whom we are bent upon forcing into trade.—*Letter to the London News.*

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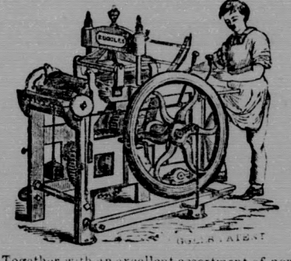

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FROM OUR FORMER CHARGES.

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SOAPS, PERFUMERY, HAIR AND TOOTH Brushes, Portfolios, Portmonnaies, Ladies' Bags, Photograph Albums, Cutlery, Willow and Parian Ware, Children's Carriages, &c. Our stock of Violin, Guitar and other strings is very large. Our Foreign Goods are selected by one of the firm, and the American by the Boston House (established in 1824).

We have the Sole Agency for

HALLET & DAVIS' BOSTON PIANOS, SMITH BROS.' HARMONIUMS, and TREAT & LINSLEY'S MELODEONS.

The Hallet & Davis Pianos are each supplied with their Patent Suspension Bridge, which a decided improvement—it gives a full and clear vibration in the upper octaves, producing a quality of tone unequalled in firmness and purity. Our Melodeons and Harmoniums are of the best quality, and warranted to give satisfaction. oc29 3m

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff & Tobacco Manufacturer

16 & 18 CHAMBERS ST.,

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Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Lacaboy,	Demigros,
Fine Rappee,	Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee,	Nachitoches,
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Scotch,	Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch	Fresh Honey Dew Scotch.
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☞ ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE LARGE REDUCTION IN PRICES OF FINE CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCOS, WHICH WILL BE FOUND OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY.

TOBACCO.

SMOKING.	FINE CUT CHEWING.	SMOKING.
Long,	P. A. L., or plain,	S. Jago
No. 1,	Cavendish, or Sweet,	Spanish.
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1 & 2 mixed,	Tin Foil Cavendish,	Turkish
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N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. May 21.-1y

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Noiseless

Sewing Machines!

For Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes

☞ **Prices from $60 Upwards** ☜

Over 50,000 in Use!

WE beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of our manufacture. Every Machine sold by us *IS WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

Card from the Grover & Baker S. M. Company.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the GROVER & BAKER stitch must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. All machines sewing from the spools and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will are infringements

GLOVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A Card from Elias Howe, Jr.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which sew front two spools and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the *GROVER & BAKER SEWING COMPANY*, or their Agents, or licensees, and stamped under my patent of September, 10, 11.

Said Company and their Licenses, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and my said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machines, and all others are piracies upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

☞ The attention of Tailors and Manufacturers, who prefer the "lock stitch," is called to our

Improved Shuttle Machines,

which are speedily adapted to their requirements

—AND—

☞ **THE BEST IN USE** ☜

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PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.

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Goods suitable for traveling purposes in any climate.

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☞ Strangers visiting the city will please call and leave their measure, free of charge.

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San Francisco, May 1, 1862. 6m

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which will in future be entirely under his management and control, and where he will be pleased to see his old friends and the traveling public. He flatters himself that his experience in the business, and his long acquaintance with the people of California, will be a guarantee that no one will leave his house dissatisfied, and he pledges himself to spare no pains or expense in providing every means for the comfort and satisfaction of his guests,

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BATH ROOMS on the premises for the convenience of families.

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m3y5-3m SIMON H. SEYMOUR.

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London Athenæum	2 00
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London once a Week	8 00
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Dublin Nation	3 00
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Temple Bar Magazine	6 00
St. James Magazine	6 00
London Lancet	6 00
London World of Fashion	6 00
All the Year Round, Dickens	6 00
London Art Journal	0 00
Blackwood's Magazine	4 00
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North British Quarterly Review	3 00
Edinburgh Quarterly Review	3 00
London Quarterly Review	3 00
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Mountain Messenger, La Porte,
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Mariposa Democrat,
Pacific Sentinel, Santa Cruz,

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